The Affordable Care Act, Meaningful Use, and Treating Tobacco Use

Sara Bodnar, MPH

Health Systems Change Analyst

Bureau of Chronic Disease Prevention & Tobacco Control

NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

sbodnar@health.nyc.gov



Disclosure Statement

I have no real or perceived vested interests that relate to this presentation nor do I have any relationships with pharmaceutical companies, and/or other corporations whose products or services are related to pertinent therapeutic areas.



Objectives for Today's Call

- Discuss the smoking cessation coverage options under the Affordable Care Act
- Explain Meaningful Use stages and their impact on tobacco use treatment
- Examine the challenges and solutions associated with satisfying meaningful use cessation measures





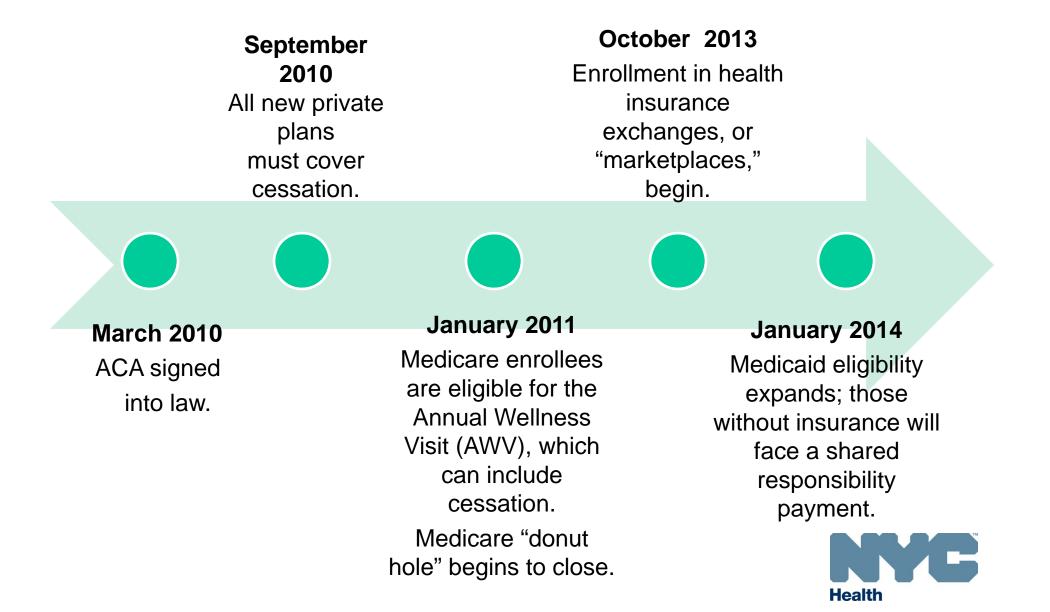
Acronyms

ACA=Affordable Care Act FPL= Federal Poverty Level EHB=Essential Health Benefit MSPs=Multistate Plans CO-OP=Consumer Operated and Oriented Plan Program SHOP=Small Business Health Options Program USPSTF=United States Preventive Services Task Force MU=Meaningful Use EHR=Electronic Health Records





The Affordable Care Act (ACA)



Medicaid Expansion

• ACA fact: In 2014, all adults up to 133% of the FPL will gain Medicaid coverage, regardless of whether they have children.



 True or false? Post-expansion, state Medicaid programs will be required to cover cessation medications.

Medicaid Expansion

 True! Starting in 2014, Medicaid programs that provide prescription drugs must cover cessation medications.
 Still unclear how many meds must be covered.

• Impact on cessation:

- -Those who are low-income and uninsured are more likely to use tobacco.
- -The Medicaid expansion will create a group of about **77,000** newly eligible enrollees in NYS.
 - -These enrollees will now have access to six cessation counseling sessions a year, and medications

Health

- ACA fact: Starting in 2014, small businesses, as well as uninsured individuals, can buy insurance through a statebased marketplace, or "exchange."
- True or false? All plans in the exchange must cover a core package of services called the "essential health benefits," or EHB. However, plans outside the exchange don't have to offer the EHB.





 False! The EHB is a core set of services that individual and small group plans in the exchange, as well as new plans that are a comparable size *outside* the exchange, must offer.

-In NYS, small group (businesses between 2 and 50 employees) will be in the Small Business Health Options Program (SHOP) exchange; in 2016, small group will include up to 100 employees.

- How was the EHB determined in NYS?
 - Each state picked a benchmark plan, which will define the standard package of services known as the EHB.
 The benchmark plan in NYS is the Oxford EPO.

• Impact on cessation: The knowns...

-Since lower-income enrollees will receive financial assistance when buying insurance through the exchange, this is another way of getting low-income, uninsured smokers into the health care system.

-The benchmark does include coverage for tobacco cessation counseling delivered by a primary care provider, with no out-of-pocket costs.



• Impact on cessation: The unknowns...

 Will cessation medications be covered through plans offering the EHB?
 Option for patients to access meds that are not on formulary

-The exchange "dark horses": **MSPs** and **CO-OP**



-Multi-State Plans (MSPs) are nationwide plans that are intended to enhance competition in the exchange.

-Consumer Oriented and Operated Plan (CO-OP) is a nonprofit insurer directed by its customers.



USPSTF Ratings and Cessation



- The ACA requires non-grandfathered private plans of all sizes, including self-insured, to cover preventive services that received an 'A' or 'B' rating from USPSTF.
- Impact on cessation:
 - -Good news: Tobacco cessation interventions (counseling and medication) received an 'A' rating.
 - -Bad news: Plans are meeting this requirement in uneven ways.



Medicare

• ACA Fact: The ACA has introduced changes that will make medications more affordable for Medicare enrollees.



•True or false? In order to finance this change, the ACA cuts benefits that were previously provided to Medicare enrollees.



Medicare

• False! The ACA does not cut Medicare benefits. It actually adds one: the Annual Wellness Visit (AWV).

Impact on cessation:

-The AWV provides an opportunity for providers to connect enrollees with cessation services.

-Medicare covers eight cessation counseling sessions a year, along with prescription medications (Bupropion, Varenicline, and prescription NRT).



ACA Case Study

- Sebastian is a 25-year old male patient from Mexico. He's been lawfully present in the United States for three years, and works at a restaurant making \$15,000 per year, putting him under 133% FPL. He has no children, and is uninsured.
- Sebastian also smokes four packs a week, and would like to quit.
- Beginning in 2014, what type of health insurance program(s) is Sebastian eligible for? What cessation treatment options are available for Sebastian?



ACA Case Study

 Coverage: For Medicaid, there is a five-year waiting period for most lawfully present immigrants, so Sebastian wouldn't be eligible.

-However, Sebastian can purchase subsidized health insurance through the exchange. His premium costs would not exceed two percent of his income, or \$300.

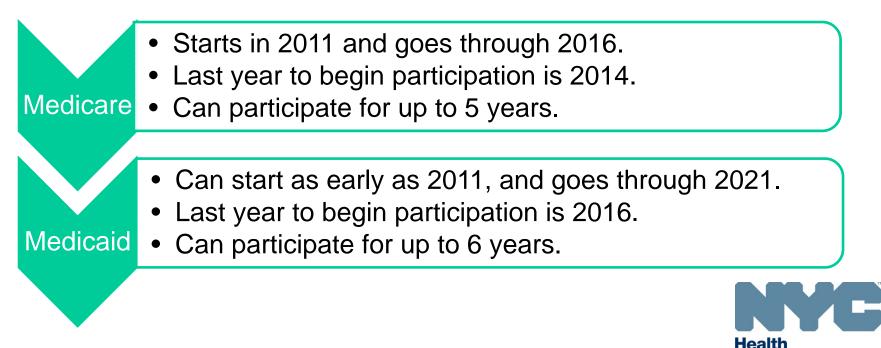
 Impact on cessation: Through his plan, Sebastian would have coverage for cessation counseling with his provider, and may also have coverage for medications, depending on the plan options available through the exchange.



What is Meaningful Use (MU)?

•Established through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA), **MU** is a program that allows eligible providers *and* hospitals to earn incentive payments for meeting particular electronic health record (EHR) criteria and objectives.

•MU comes in two "flavors": Medicare and Medicaid.



What is MU?

• **MU** is organized in three Stages:



- Providers and hospitals must meet certain Core and Menu Objectives, and Clinical Quality Measures (CQMs).
 - -Reporting requirements vary depending on what stage you're in.
 - -Reporting requirements are different for hospitals vs. providers.



MU Measures and Tobacco

MU Objectives

Clinical Quality Measures

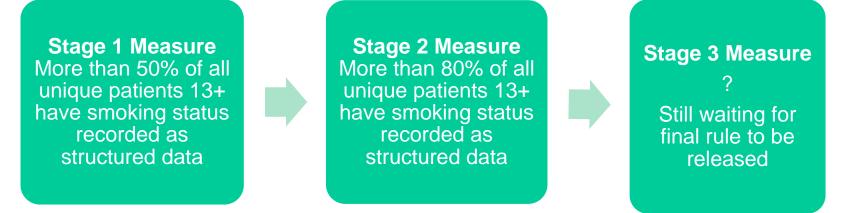
| Providers | 20 objectives -17 core objectives -Can choose 3 of 6 menu objectives •Smoking status is a core objective | Choose 9 of 64 CQMs • Can pick a CQM on providing tobacco treatment, such as counseling and/or medication |
|-----------|--|--|
| Hospitals | 19 objectives -16 core objective; 3 of 6 menu objectives •Smoking status is a core objective | Choose 16 of 29 CQMs •None directly related to tobacco |

Note: Table above based on Stage 2 requirements



Stages 1-3 : Smoking Status

•Core Objective for Providers and Hospitals: Record smoking status for patients 13 years+



Smoking status categories within certified Electronic Health Record (EHR)

| Current every day smoker | Smoker, current status unknown |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Current some day smoker | Unknown if ever smoked |
| Former smoker | Heavy tobacco smoker |
| Never smoker | Light tobacco smoker |



Stages 1-3: Tobacco Use Screening and Cessation Intervention

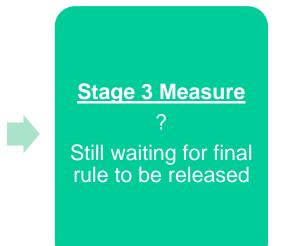
 Clinical Quality Measure (CQM) for Providers:
 National Quality Forum (NQF) #0028 Preventive Care and Screening: Tobacco Use: Screening and Cessation Intervention

Stage1 Measure (Required)

Percent of patients 18+ screened for tobacco use one or more times within 24 months **AND** who received cessation counseling intervention if identified as a tobacco user

Stage 2 Measure (Recommended)

Percent of patients 18+ screened for tobacco use one or more times within 24 months **AND** who received cessation counseling intervention if identified as a tobacco user





- The following tips on meeting the MU cessation measures were collected from individual providers, a self-insured health system, a hospital, and clinical quality specialists at NYC DOHMH who work with providers in meeting the MU measures.
- <u>Tip #1:</u> Be sure to record smoking status in a structured data field, *not* as a free form text.

-If smoking status is not reported as structured data, this documentation will not be captured in the data that you report for MU.



- <u>Tip #2</u>: Use pop-up messages to alert your staff when:
 1) Smoking status needs to be documented or updated.
 2) A patient has been identified as a smoker, but has not received a cessation intervention.
- <u>Tip #3:</u> Be sure to utilize all staff in documenting smoking status, and delivering cessation interventions.



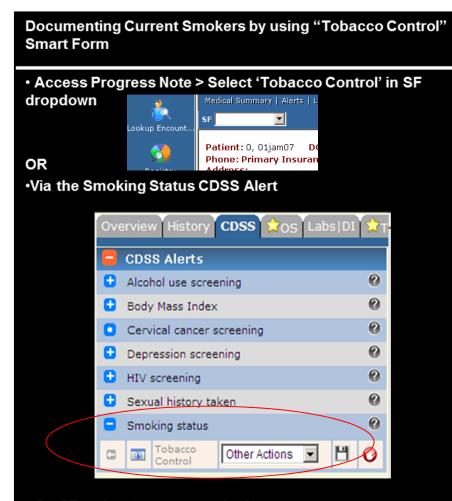
- <u>Tip #4:</u> In order to save time, structure your clinical workflow so other staff (nurses, medical assistants, etc.) can document smoking status, and providers can deliver counseling.
- <u>**Tip #5:</u>** Have an established protocol/policy surrounding the delivery of tobacco dependence treatment for patients.</u>
- <u>Tip #6:</u> So providers feel comfortable prescribing medication, give them prescribing guides that include information on dosing, contraindications, and efficacy.

-The NYS Tobacco Cessation Centers offer onsite technical assistance and support on systems change, counseling, and prescribing medications.



- <u>Tip #7</u>: Be sure to fully utilize any smart forms and order sets that support the delivery of tobacco cessation treatment.
 In the EHR vendor eClinicalWorks, the "Tobacco Control" Smart Form, and "Smoking Cessation" Order Set, will help you align with the MU cessation measures.
- The following slides provide screen shots of the "Tobacco Control" Smart Form and "Smoking Cessation" Order Set in eClinicalWorks.





• On SF, select 'current smoker'.

| Smart Forms - Patient : (John, John) - ID : (105) Pt. Info Encounter Physical |
|---|
| 🙆 🗈 🖉 🏧 S 🔣 R 🚳 Be 🚳 1 |
| DOH 225 Broady New York N Ph: 212-41 |
| Name: John John Are you a smeker? |
| Current smoker ☐ former smoker |
| nonsmoker current every day smoker |
| current some day smoker Smoker, current status unknown |
| unknown if ever smoked |



To provide Smoking Cessation Counseling and Medication intervention for "Current Smokers" you can use "Smoking cessation intervention" CDSS alert and "Smoking cessation" Order Set

- Smoking cessation Order Set (OS) appears under CDSS alerts after patient identified as a "Current Smoker"
- Order Sets also can be accessed from Progress Note's Treatment section: 'OS' (Order Set) button located on upper right corner.
- Select and open "Smoking Cessation" Order Set

| CDSS Alerts DIAGNOSES DM. HP Control Lear DIAGNOSES DM. IVD - Anthrombotics Procedures: DIAGNOSES DM. IVD - Anthrombotics Immunizations: Alcohol use screening Orage (TRIGGE DT7 Body Mass Index Orage (TRI GENDER (TRI Flu Vaccination - Adult | | Alcohol use screeningImage: Constraint of the screeningBody Mass IndexImage: Constraint of the screeningCervical cancer screeningImage: Constraint of the screeningDepression screeningImage: Constraint of the screeningHIV screeningImage: Constraint of the screeningPatients see assigned PCGImage: Constraint of the screeningSexual history takenImage: Constraint of the screeningSmoking cessation interventionImage: Constraint of the screening | DIAGNOSES DIAGNOSES AGE (TRIGGE GENDER (TRI Rx Rx Rx C C C C | DM, IVD - Antithrombotics DM, IVD - LDL Test DM, IVD - LDL Test DM, IVD - LDL<100 DT7 ERIN Flu Vaccination - Adult Flu Vaccination - High Risk Flu Vaccination - High Risk, Flu Vaccination - High Risk, Flu Vaccination - Peds HIV - Management HIV - Screening HIV Screening - Test HTN CDSS Hypertension - Control IVD - BP Control Lead - 1 year old Lead - 2 year old Lead - 2 year old New order set obesity obesity Patients see assigned PCG Pediatrics Pneumococcal Vaccination PTest of 15 - 21 PTest-Males 45-75 Sexual History - Assessmer Sexual History - Peds Asses Smoking Cessation | Immunizations: OO AM, OV) D \leftarrow | |
|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|
|---|--|---|--|--|---|--|

To provide Smoking Cessation Counseling and Medication intervention for "Current Smokers" you can use "Smoking cessation intervention" CDSS alert and "Smoking cessation" Order Set

Select and open "Smoking Cessation" Order Set

• As an options you can prescribe medications and/or sent "Fax To Quit" form.

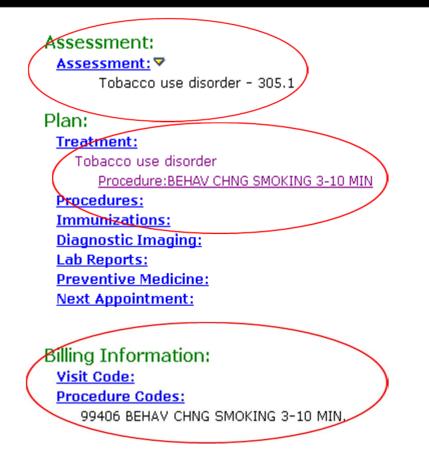
•Mandatory: Choose 'BEHAV CHNG SMOKING 3-10 MIN' <u>OR</u> 'BEHAV CHNG SMOKING > 10 MIN' procedure depending on how much time spend.

| Rx | | | | | | | | | | | | Order Browse |
|----|---|---|-----------|--|-------------------------|---------------|---------|----------|--|----------|------|-----------------|
| | • | Name | Strength | Take | Freq | Duratior | Refills | Route | Formula | Dispense | Date | Status |
| | | <u>Chantix</u> | 1 MG | 1 tablet | Twice a day | 30 day (s) | | Orally | Tablet | 60 | - | Other Actions 💌 |
| | | <u>Nicotine</u> | 7 MG/24HR | 1 patch | Once a day | 30 day (s) | | Transder | Patch 24 Hour | 30 | - | Other Actions 💌 |
| | | <u>Nicotine</u> Polacrilex | 2 MG | 1 piece for 30 minutes as needed | 24 time (s) a day | | | Mouth/Th | Gum | | - | Other Actions |
| | | <u>BuPROPion HCl</u> (Smoking Deter) | 150 MG | 1 tablet | Twice a day | 30 day (s) | | Orally | Tablet Extendec Release 12 Hour | 60 | - | Other Actions 💌 |

| Procedures | • | | | | | | | Order | Brows |
|-------------|-------------------------|------|----------|--------|------------|-----------------|------|---------------|-------|
| | | Des | cription | | | | Date | Status | |
| | BEHAV CHNG SMOKING 3-10 | MIN | | | | | - | Other Actions | - 11 |
| | BEHAV CHNG SMOKING > 10 | MIN | | | | | - | Other Actions | - 11 |
| \bigcirc | | | | | | | | | |
| Immunizatio | ons | | | Order | Smart Form | s | | | |
| | Name | Dose | Date | Status | | | Name | | |
| | | | | | • | Fax To Quit | | | 0 |
| | | | | | • | Tobacco Control | | | 0 |



Please make sure after closing Smoking Cessation OS that Progress Note includes: - ICD Code 305.1 for "Tobacco use disorder" under "Assessment" section - 'BEHAV CHNG SMOKING 3-10 MIN' <u>OR</u> 'BEHAV CHNG SMOKING > 10 MIN procedures under "Treatment" - "99406" for 'BEHAV CHNG SMOKING 3-10 MIN or "99407" 'BEHAV CHNG SMOKING > 10 MIN' with CPT codes in "Procedure Codes" section





Resources: ACA

- American Public Health Association (APHA) has ACA resources at <u>apha.org/advocacy/Health+Reform/</u>
- Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids has information specifically on cessation and healthcare reform at <u>tobaccofreekids.org/what_we_do/federal_issues/health_care</u> <u>reform/</u>
- The American Lung Association also has a variety of tools and information about the ACA & cessation at <u>http://www.lung.org/stop-smoking/tobacco-control-</u> <u>advocacy/reports-resources/tobacco-cessation-affordable-</u> <u>care-act/</u>



Resources: MU

- To access a webinar and factsheets on MU and tobacco cessation, go to <u>http://www.actiontoquit.org/webinars</u>
- Go to <u>http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-</u> <u>Guidance/Legislation/EHRIncentivePrograms/index.html</u>, the official MU website, for updates about the program.
- Recommended Adult Clinical Quality Measures (CQM) set for providers, which includes cessation, can be found here: <u>http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-</u> <u>Guidance/Legislation/EHRIncentivePrograms/Downloads/2014</u> <u>CQM_AdultRecommend_CoreSetTable.pdf</u>



Resources: MU

• Making the leap from paper to EHR?

The Regional Extension Center (REC) program provides technical assistance for providers on transitioning from paper-based records to EHR, and achieving MU.

1) NYC Reach is the REC for the five boroughs of NYC: <u>http://www.nycreach.org/</u>

2) NYeC REC is the Regional Extension Center for Long Island and upstate New York: <u>http://nyehealth.org</u>



Resources: Providers

- NYC DOHMH Health Information Bulletin on treating tobacco addiction: <u>http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/downloads/pdf/chi/chi2</u> <u>9-suppl3.pdf</u>
- Other provider tools, including information about the NYS Medicaid benefit, information about online and in-person cessation trainings, and a coaching guide to helping patients quit smoking: <u>http://www.nyc.gov/html/doh/html/living/smoke-</u> providers.shtml



Resources: Providers

Coming soon...new prescribing guide from NYC DOHMH. Email <u>sbodnar@health.nyc.gov</u> for more info.

| Medication* Suggested Regimen | | Precautions | Contraindications | Potential Adverse Effects | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Gum Lozenge** | <25 cig/d, 2 mg/hr (up to 24 pcs/d for 3 mos) 25 cig/d, 4 mg/hr (up to 24 pcs/d for 3 mos) 1 st cig >30 mins after awakening, 2 mg/hr 1 st cig 30 mins after awakening, 4 mg/hr (both up to 20 pcs/day for up to 3 months) | Pregnancy Class D ^{**} Uncontrolled hypertension TMJ disease, dental work, dentures (gum) Skin disorders (patch) | Heart attack within 2 weeks Serious cardiac arrhythmia Unstable angina | Symptoms of too much nicotine, like nausea, headache, dizziness, fast heartbeat Jaw pain, dry mouth (gum) Hiccups, heartburn (gum, lozenge) | | |
| Lozenge** Patch Inhaler | 10 cig/d, start with 14 mg/qd x 6 weeks, followed by 7 mg/qd x 2 weeks >10 cig/d, start with 21 mg/qd x 6 weeks, followed by 14 mg/qd x 2 weeks, followed by 7 mg/qd x 2 weeks | Reactive airway disease (inhaler, nasal spray) Sinusitis, rhinitis (nasal spray) | | Skin irritation, insomnia (patch) Mouth and throat irritation (inhaler Bronchospasm (nasal spray, inhaler; Nasal irritation, tearing, sneezing (nasal spray) | | |
| Inhaler | Frequent continuous puffing for up to 20 mins at a time every hour, as needed (6-16 cartridges/d up to 6 months) | | | | | |
| Nasal spray | 1-2 sprays/hr, as needed (max 40/d up to 3 mos) | | | | | |
| bupropion SR (Zyban®, Wellbutrin®) | Days 1-3: 150 mg po qd Day 4 to 7-12 weeks (or end of treatment): 150 mg po bid Can be maintained up to 6 months (24 weeks) Can be combined with NRT | Pregnancy Class C¹¹ Severe cirrhosis – dose adjustment required Mild-mod hepatic & mod-severe renal impairment – consider dose adjustment Uncontrolled hypertension | MAO inhibitor in past 14 days Seizure disorder, bulimia/anorexia Abrupt discontinua- tion of ethanol or sedatives | Insomnia, dry mouth, headaches, pruritis, pharyngitis, tachycardia, seizures, neuropsychiatric effects and suicide risk Box warning: Monitor for mood and behavior changes Nausea, insomnia, abnormal dreams, constipation, neuropsychiatric effects and suicide risk, cardiovascular events Box warning: Monitor for mood and behavior changes | | |
| varenicline (Chantix®) | Starting month pack: (start 1 week before quit date') 0.5 mg po qd x 3 days; THEN 0.5 mg po bid x 4 days; THEN 1 mg po bid x 3 weeks Continuing month pack: Week 5 to 12 (or end of treatment): 1 mg po bid Can be maintained up to 6 months (24 weeks) Can NOT be combined with NRT | Pregnancy Class C⁺⁺ May increase risk of CV events in patients with CVD Operate heavy machinery CrCl <30 or dialysis – dose adjustment required | Known history of serious hypersensitivity or skin reactions to varenicline | | | |

Takelized Het Bit Service (stimit at hetelasten) skalpt für hamige. Mage john für der Verlage in der verlage hetelasten ist sollte hamige. Mage john für der verlage hetelasten ist sollten und gelanst ist sollte für hetelasten ist sollte der beitreren begit and 35 de forestenen. Mage john der verlage hetelasten ist sollten und gelanst ist sollte hetelasten ist sollte der beitreren begit and 35 de forestenen. Mage john der verlage hetelasten ist sollten und gelanst ist sollte hetelasten ist sollten ist sollten ander begit att hetelasten ist sollten ist sollten und gelanst ist sollten ist sollten ist sollten ist sollten att sollten att hetelasten ist sollten att sollten ist hetelasten ist sollten ist





Questions?

